

Contingency Coefficient Analysis

Row variable: school  
Column variable: sex

H0: the two categorical variables are independent.  
H1: the two categorical variables are associated.

Main result:

row_variable	column_variable	n	chi_square	df	p_value	contingency_coefficient_c	maximum_possible_c		
school	sex	649	4.476302	1	0.03436801	0.08276463	0.7071068		
normalized_c	cramers_v	phi				decision_alpha_0_05	effect_interpretation		
0.1170469	0.08304956	0.08304956	Reject independence	/	variables are associated		Weak association		

Pearson chi-square association test with Pearson contingency coefficient  $C = \sqrt{\text{chi-square} / (\text{chi-square} + n)}$ .

Observed contingency table:

	F	M
GP	237	186
MS	146	80

Expected counts:

row_category	column_category	expected_count
GP	F	249.62866
MS	F	133.37134
GP	M	173.37134
MS	M	92.62866

Standardized residuals:

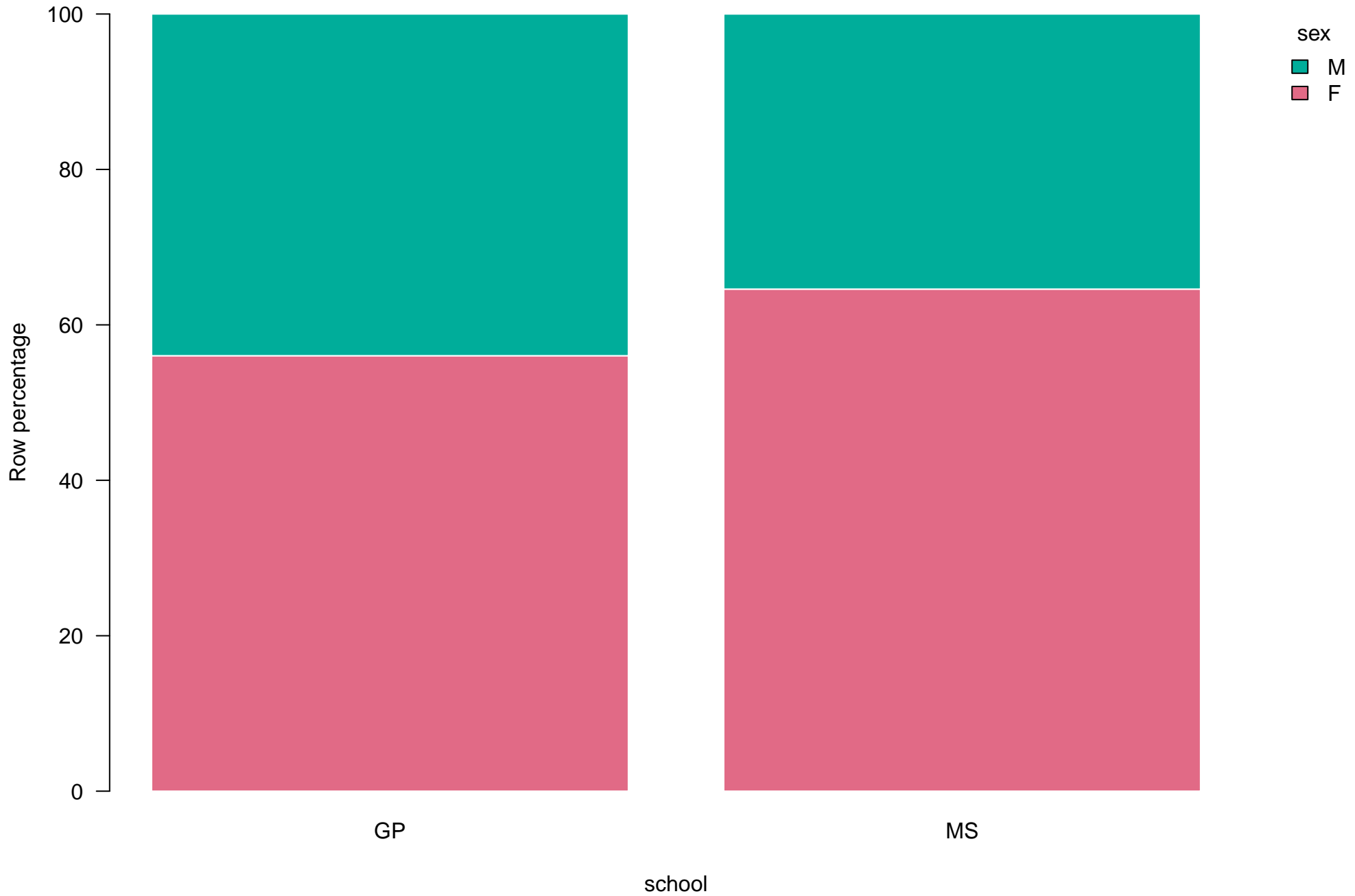
row_category	column_category	standardized_residual
GP	F	-2.115727
MS	F	2.115727
GP	M	2.115727
MS	M	-2.115727

Chi-square contributions:

row_category	column_category	chi_square_contribution
GP	F	0.6388811
MS	F	1.1957819
GP	M	0.9198928
MS	M	1.7217462

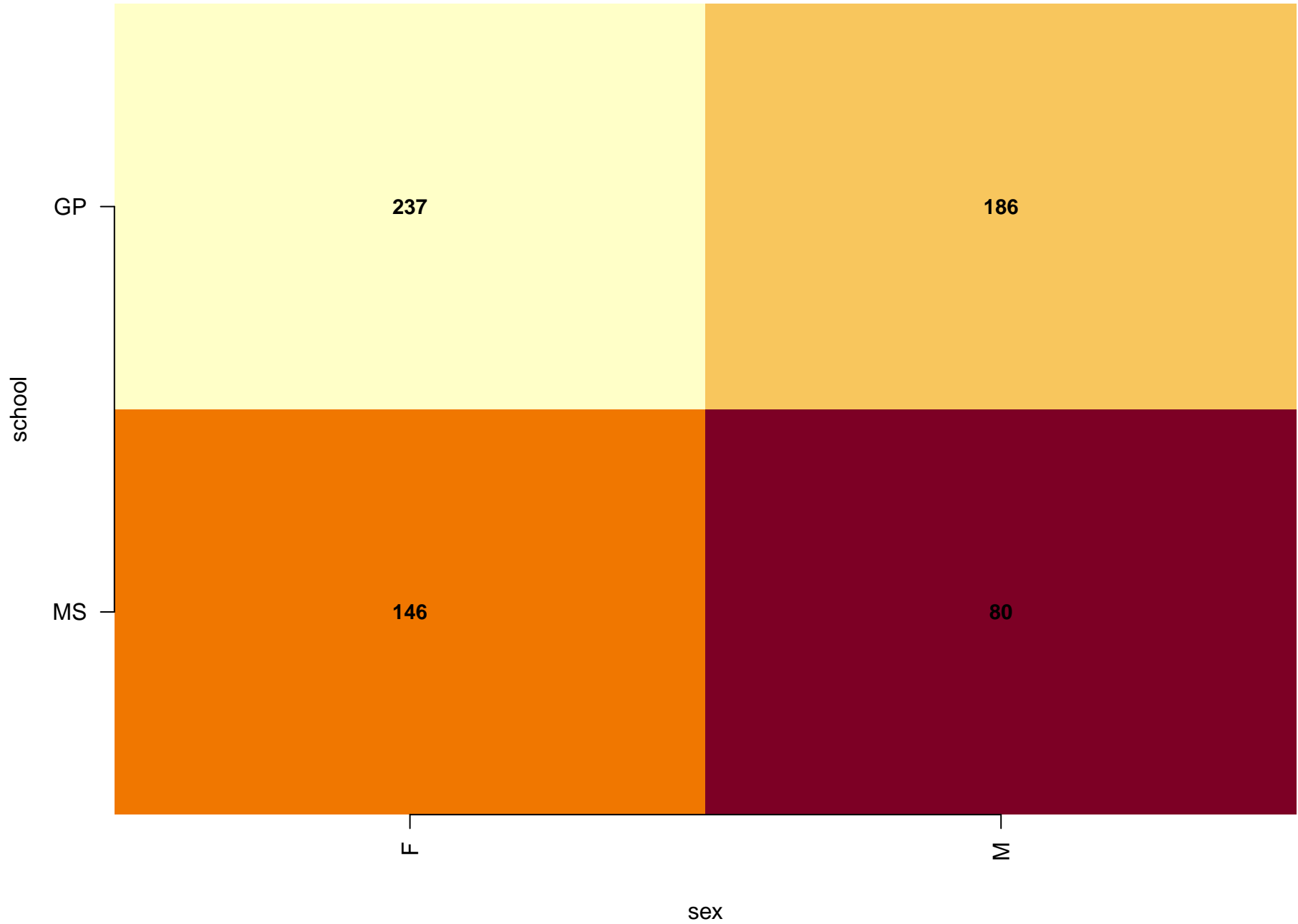
# Contingency Coefficient: Colorful Row Percentage Profile

Distribution of sex categories inside each school category.



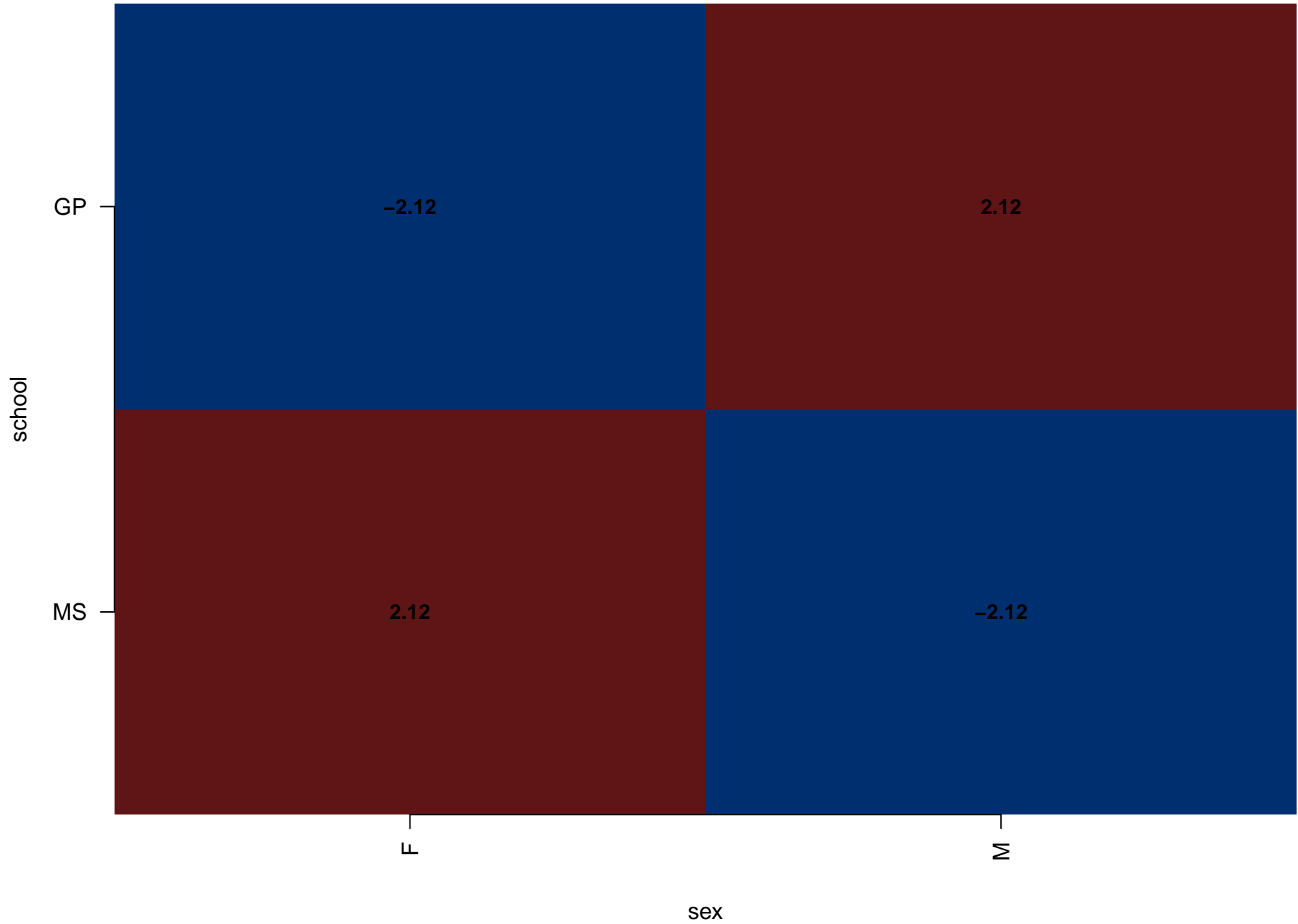
# Contingency Coefficient: Colorful Observed Count Heatmap

Cells show observed frequencies in the cross-tabulation.



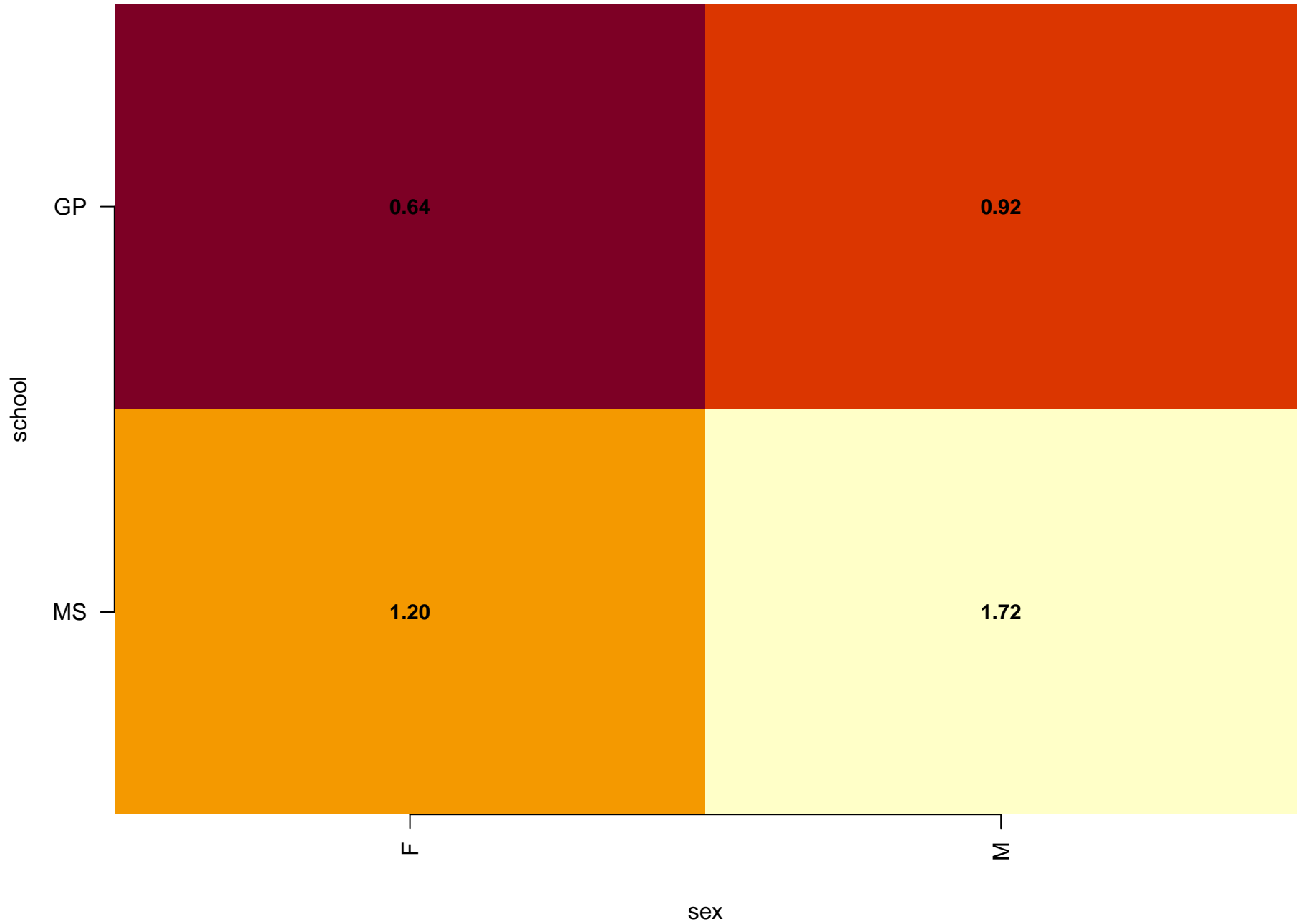
# Contingency Coefficient: Colorful Standardized Residual Map

Positive cells are higher than expected; negative cells are lower than expected under independence.



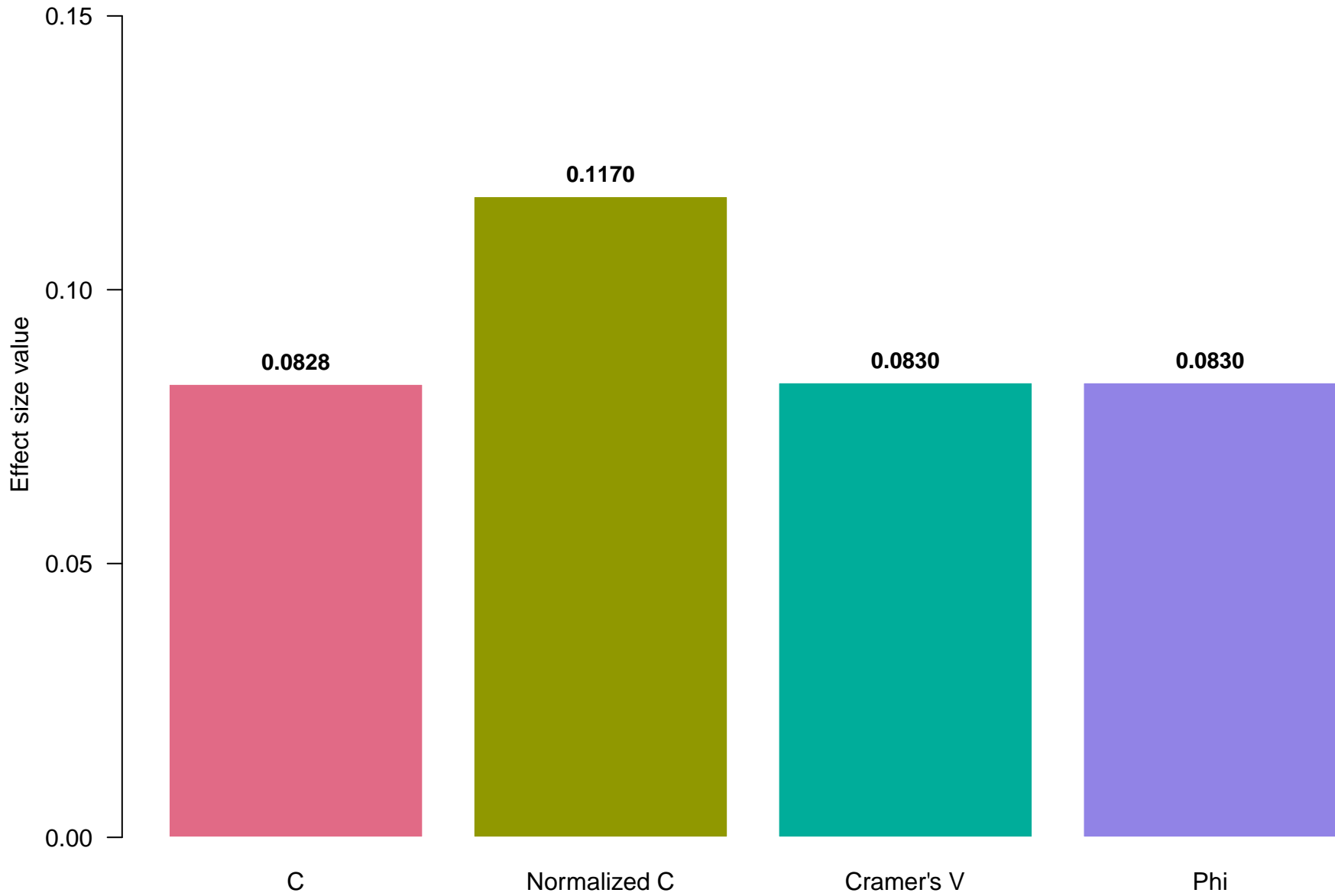
# Contingency Coefficient: Colorful Chi-square Contributions

Cells with larger values contribute more to the association test statistic.



# Contingency Coefficient: Colorful Association Strength Summary

C is the main statistic; normalized C and Cramer's V help compare strength on a 0 to 1 scale.



# Contingency Coefficient: Observed vs Expected Counts

Points far from the diagonal indicate cells that depart more from independence.

